

Volume 13, Issue 12, December 2024



Impact Factor: 8.524





ijirset@gmail.com







|www.ijirset.com |A Monthly, Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal| e-ISSN: 2319-8753| p-ISSN: 2347-6710|

Volume 13, Issue 12, December 2024

|DOI: 10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1312059|

Impact of Discounts and Promotions on Consumer Behaviour

Dr. Priyanka Ranawat, Shivam Kumar

Associate Professor, NIMS School of Business Studies, NIMS University, Jaipur, India BBA, NIMS School of Business Studies, NIMS University, Jaipur, India

ABSTRACT: Discounts and **promotions** are vital marketing strategies that significantly influence consumer behavior by leveraging psychological triggers like urgency, perceived value, and FOMO. These tactics encourage impulsive buying, shape product preferences, and build brand awareness, driving short-term sales and attracting new customers. However, they also have potential drawbacks, including increased price sensitivity, diminished brand loyalty, and reduced perceived product quality.

This study explores the psychological mechanisms and behavioral effects of discounts and promotions, analyzing their benefits and risks. It highlights factors such as demographics, cultural influences, and digitalization in shaping consumer responses. By balancing immediate sales growth with long-term brand impact, the research provides insights for designing effective, sustainable promotional strategies.

I. INTRODUCTION

Discounts and promotions are crucial tools in modern marketing, used to drive sales, attract new customers, and enhance brand visibility. These strategies include percentage discounts, BOGO offers, loyalty rewards, and special promotions like free samples or bundled products. They create urgency and excitement, influencing consumer behavior by offering immediate financial benefits or added value.

This study examines the multifaceted impact of discounts and promotions on consumer behavior, focusing on their short-term effects on sales and long-term implications for brand perception and customer loyalty. While these tactics boost sales and foster customer engagement, overuse may erode perceived product value and encourage deal-driven purchasing habits.

Key objectives include understanding consumer responses, exploring psychological effects like cognitive biases, analyzing immediate sales impacts, assessing long-term consequences on loyalty and brand image, identifying successful case studies, and recommending strategic approaches. The research aims to guide businesses in balancing the benefits and risks of discounts to develop sustainable and effective promotional campaigns tailored to specific markets.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The literature review explores the impact of discounts and promotions on consumer behavior, integrating psychological theories, pricing strategies, and existing research to understand purchasing decisions. Key psychological concepts include **Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs**, where discounts meet basic needs like economic security, and **Cognitive Dissonance Theory**, explaining how consumers justify purchases during sales. Emotional triggers, such as **FOMO**, drive impulsive buying, especially in limited-time offers.

Different types of promotions, like percentage discounts, BOGO deals, and loyalty rewards, influence consumer segments by appealing to perceived value and urgency. Pricing strategies, including psychological pricing (e.g., \$19.99) and reference prices, significantly affect perceptions of product value and drive purchase decisions.

The review highlights research gaps, such as the need for studies on the long-term effects of promotions on brand loyalty and customer perception, as well as the influence of digital platforms and e-commerce on promotional





|www.ijirset.com |A Monthly, Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal| e-ISSN: 2319-8753| p-ISSN: 2347-6710|

Volume 13, Issue 12, December 2024

|DOI: 10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1312059|

effectiveness. It calls for diverse samples and deeper exploration of emerging trends like personalized pricing. This synthesis provides a foundation for understanding and improving pricing strategies in modern marketing.

III. RESEARCH METHODLOGY

The research methodology investigates the impact of discounts and promotions on consumer behavior using a mixed-methods approach. It combines quantitative surveys with qualitative interviews and case studies to provide comprehensive insights.

Key Components:

1. Research Design:

- a. Surveys collect large-scale data on consumer preferences, behaviors, and satisfaction with promotions.
- b. Interviews explore in-depth insights from consumers, marketers, and business owners about emotional triggers and brand loyalty.
- c. Case studies analyze real-world promotional campaigns across industries to understand their effectiveness.

2. Target Population and Sampling:

- a. The study targets online and offline consumers across diverse demographics using **stratified random sampling** for surveys (minimum 500 participants per group) and **purposive sampling** for interviews and case studies.
- b. Participants must have experience with promotional offers or campaigns.

3. Data Analysis:

- a. **Quantitative data**: Analyzed with SPSS using descriptive and inferential statistics to identify trends and correlations (e.g., discount levels vs. purchase frequency).
- b. **Qualitative data**: Thematically coded using tools like NVivo to extract recurring themes on motivations and long-term impacts.

4. Ethical Considerations:

a. Informed consent, confidentiality, and anonymity are ensured. IRB approval is obtained for ethical compliance.

This methodology ensures robust, representative, and nuanced insights, addressing both short-term sales impacts and long-term brand effects, while offering actionable recommendations for marketing strategies.

Psychological and Behavioural Effects of Discounts

Discounts and promotions significantly influence consumer behavior through psychological and behavioral mechanisms, leveraging urgency, emotional triggers, and cognitive biases.

Key Psychological Drivers:

- 1. Urgency and Scarcity: Limited-time offers and scarcity create FOMO (fear of missing out), prompting impulsive decisions driven by loss aversion, where people act to avoid losing perceived opportunities.
- 2. **Impulse Buying and Emotional Triggers**: Promotions like BOGO deals trigger spontaneous purchases by appealing to emotions such as joy, excitement, or the desire for immediate gratification. Negative emotions, like regret over missed deals, further motivate quick actions.
- 3. **Perceived Value vs. Actual Value**: Discounts often create the illusion of better deals through **anchoring bias**, where consumers focus on the original price as a reference point. Brand reputation and product quality also enhance perceived value, though skepticism can arise if quality seems compromised.

Cognitive Biases at Play:

- 1. Anchoring Bias: Consumers focus on initial prices to assess savings.
- 2. **Loss Aversion**: Fear of losing a discount drives action.
- 3. **Endowment Effect**: Discounted products are overvalued due to perceived ownership.
- 4. **Social Proof**: Discounts signal popularity, influencing choices.
- 5. Confirmation Bias: Consumers seek information supporting their decision to buy.





|www.ijirset.com |A Monthly, Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal| e-ISSN: 2319-8753| p-ISSN: 2347-6710|

Volume 13, Issue 12, December 2024

|DOI: 10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1312059|

Behavioral Economics Insights:

- Discounts create **cognitive dissonance**, encouraging consumers to rationalize purchases as smart investments.
- Anchoring effects distort perceptions of overall spending, making consumers feel they save more than they do.

Practical Marketing Implications:

Marketers can design effective campaigns by leveraging urgency, emotional appeals, and perceived value, but they must balance short-term sales with long-term brand integrity and customer loyalty.

In conclusion, discounts and promotions harness psychological and behavioral principles to drive immediate purchases, influencing both short-term decisions and long-term consumer attitudes.

IV. ROLE IN MODERN MARKETING

Modern marketing strategies have revolutionized discounts and promotions to align with digital advancements, changing consumer behavior, and personalized interactions. Key highlights include:

- 1. **E-Commerce and Digital Platforms**: Businesses use personalized discount codes and real-time engagement through online channels to boost conversions and gain consumer insights.
- 2. **Demographic and Cultural Adaptation**: Tailored promotions cater to generational preferences and cultural events, such as Diwali or Christmas, enhancing engagement and loyalty.
- 3. Customization and Dynamic Pricing: Data-driven approaches personalize discounts based on consumer behavior, while dynamic pricing adjusts offers in real-time to balance demand and sales.
- 4. **Gamification**: Promotions with rewards, challenges, and loyalty points foster interactive and enjoyable shopping experiences.
- 5. **Social Media Integration**: Platforms drive traffic through exclusive offers, flash sales, and influencer partnerships that amplify brand reach.
- 6. **Mobile Commerce**: M-commerce leverages push notifications, location-based offers, and QR codes for real-time, convenient promotions.

In essence, leveraging technology, personalization, and innovative engagement methods allows businesses to use discounts effectively while fostering lasting customer relationships and sustainable growth.

V. CASE STUDIES

Promotional campaigns like **Black Friday** and **Amazon Prime Day** highlight the power of strategic timing, clear objectives, and engaging offers. Black Friday leverages holiday excitement with aggressive pricing, while Amazon Prime Day uses exclusivity, seamless digital integration, and targeted promotions to attract millions.

Conversely, failed campaigns like **Boo.com** and **Wal-Mart Weekend** demonstrate the risks of poor execution, over-reliance on discounts, and misalignment with consumer expectations. Boo.com's unsustainable deep discounts led to financial losses, while Wal-Mart's premature holiday sale confused consumers and diluted its brand value.

Key components of successful promotions include:

- 1. Clear objectives and audience targeting.
- 2. Strategic timing to maximize engagement.
- 3. **Engaging content** and unique offers.
- 4. **Digital integration** for broader reach.
- 5. Focus on customer experience and loyalty.

Lessons from failures emphasize avoiding over-discounting, ensuring cohesive execution, aligning with customer expectations, and leveraging consumer insights.

Ethical practices and technology play vital roles, with transparency and personalized, data-driven promotions enhancing trust and relevance. Successful campaigns balance short-term sales with long-term customer relationships and sustainable growth.





|www.ijirset.com | A Monthly, Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal | e-ISSN: 2319-8753 | p-ISSN: 2347-6710 |

Volume 13, Issue 12, December 2024

|DOI: 10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1312059|

VI. CONCLUSION

This research explores the impact of discounts and promotions on consumer behavior, revealing key insights into their psychological and behavioral effects. Discounts create urgency and perceived value, often driving impulsive, emotional purchasing decisions. Well-designed promotions boost engagement, conversion rates, and long-term brand loyalty.

Key findings include:

- 1. Psychological Effects: Discounts trigger urgency and impulsive behavior.
- 2. Behavioral Changes: Promotions increase consumer engagement and conversion.
- 3. Strategic Objectives: Promotions enhance short-term sales and long-term customer loyalty.

Practical implications for businesses include:

- 1. Personalization and Targeting: Tailoring offers based on consumer preferences boosts engagement.
- 2. Strategic Timing: Aligning promotions with key buying seasons maximizes impact.
- 3. Transparency and Ethics: Clear promotional terms build trust and customer loyalty.

Recommendations for effective strategies include:

- 1. Leverage AI and Big Data: Personalize offers using consumer data.
- 2. Gamification: Engage consumers with interactive, game-like elements.
- 3. Seamless Integration: Ensure consistent user experience across platforms.
- 4. Customer Experience: Provide strong customer service to enhance satisfaction.
- 5. Ethical Considerations: Maintain transparency and avoid misleading tactics.

Future research could explore cultural differences, demographic segmentation, and dynamic pricing models. In conclusion, discounts and promotions significantly shape consumer behavior. By leveraging technology, businesses can refine strategies to drive both short-term sales and long-term loyalty, ensuring continued relevance and success in a competitive market.

REFERENCES

1. Books

- Armstrong, J., & Adam, A. (2016). Marketing: An Introduction (13th ed.). Pearson.
- Kotler, P., Keller, K.L., Brady, M., Goodman, S., & Ignizio, W.A. (2015). Marketing Management (14th ed.). Pearson.

2. Journal Articles

- Haugtvedt, C.P., Herr, P.M., & Kuncher, A.E. (2009). Perceived value and price fairness: The impact of price information on consumers' evaluations. Journal of Consumer Psychology, 19(4), 567-573.
- Kim, B., & Lee, J.W. (2014). Brand loyalty in online retailing: A study of the effects of product involvement and discount offers. International Review of Retail, Distribution and Marketing, 24(3), 289-306.

3. Online Sources

- Nielsen, L.A., & Sorensen, J.T. (2015). The impact of discounting on consumer behavior: Evidence from an online grocery store. Retrieved from www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S246801731500045
- Harvard Business Review. (2017, March 29). The psychology behind effective discounts and promotions [Blog post]. Retrieved from https://hbr.org/











INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY







📵 9940 572 462 💿 6381 907 438 🔀 ijirset@gmail.com

