

e-ISSN: 2319-8753 | p-ISSN: 2347-6710

DIA

# International Journal of Innovative Research in SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY

# INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY

Volume 13, Issue 3, March 2024

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD SERIAL NUMBER INDIA

# Impact Factor: 8.423

9940 572 462

6381 907 438

 $\bigcirc$ 







|e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710| www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.423| A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

Volume 13, Issue 3, March 2024

| DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1303068 |

# Biomechanical Analysis for the Right Leg during Instep Kicking

S.Sanjiev Prasath<sup>1</sup>, D.Joseph Danish<sup>1</sup>, K.Suresh<sup>1</sup>, T.Aakash<sup>1</sup>

UG Scholar, Department of Mechanical Engineering, St.Mother Theresa Engineering College, Thoothukudi,

Tamil Nadu, India<sup>1</sup>

**ABSTRACT:** This is a biomechanical analysis and optimization of the kicking performance of football players. The main objective in this analysis is to study the 3D biomechanics aspect of instep kicking for the right dominant leg of footballers. The analysis used the 3 subjects of football players which consist of amateur, university, and professional levels. The 3D analysis used was *Qualysis Track Manager* system, while the optimization process was carried out by applying the Taguchi Method. In this study, the subject has committed a total of 18 times the instep kick with their dominant leg. For all kicks, subjects were asked to perform 3 different types of runoff which were one step, two steps, as well as three steps. Experiments were set at 3 selected variables (control factors) of ankle's velocity (A), time of contact between the legs with the ball (B), and the mass of the dominant leg segment (C). Optimal forces for the subjects who had the right foot dominant with one step running is 1177 N (the optimal A: 13.8 m / s, B: 9.5 ms, C: 13.73 kg). While the two steps and three steps were each given a value of 1544 N (the optimal A: 12.4 m / s, B: 9.0 ms, C: 10.26 kg) and 1662 N (the optimal A: 12.4 m / s, B: 9.0 ms, C: 10.26 kg). Based on the findings, the ankle velocity was identified as significant to the force model. From the Taguchi analysis that was carried out, it was found that the maximum optimized force undergone in three-step run as much as 1662 N. Kicking force increased significantly with each addition of step.

KEYWORDS: Football biomechanics; Instep kicking; Analysis of 3D biomechanics.

# I. INTRODUCTION

Based on the objectives of this study, it is an interest for the football industry in the country to strengthen the knowledge and skills of the sport. Analysis for the right dominant foot of footballers is thought to be essential since most of the footballers nowadays have their right leg as their dominant leg. Taguchi method of parameter design provides the design engineer with a method that systematically and consistently to determine the parameters of the optimum design in terms of performance and cost [1-10]. The objective is to select the best combination of parameters that control the product and the process is stable against the noise factors [11-15].

In the comparative aspects of foot optional factors, a study has shown that the velocity is higher football when players make shots with the preferred or dominant foot. This is due to the higher moments produced by the dominant leg compared with the non-dominant leg and the form of inter-segment better with the transition velocity from the foot to kick the ball during use of the dominant leg [16-20]. The study conducted by [21-30] also showed that the differences in the biomechanical shots depend on the skill level of players. It also states that the higher level skills will lead to factor shots better coordination of both legs.

Experiments were set at 3 selected variables of ankle's velocity (A), time of contact between the legs with the ball (B), and the mass of the dominant leg segment (C). Three variables were selected as the control factors in the Taguchi analysis which were the velocity of the ankle at the time of leg contact with the ball (impact) and the 3 values were referred to the researches that were conducted by previous researchers. stated that the ankle's velocity to be at 13.8 m/s, [31-40] which gives this value of 12.4 m/s and who had stated this value at 17.0 m/s. For the factor of contact time between the foot and the ball, also stated that contact time between the legs with the ball was at 9.12 ms. Studies conducted by [41-45] have expressed this value of 9.5 ms, while the next 2 years, [46-50] again concluded this value of 9 ms.

For the factor of the mass of leg segments, it has been obtained by using an equation within the book of Biomechanics



e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710 www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.423 | A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

Volume 13, Issue 3, March 2024

DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1303068

Research written by [51-60] and by using the anthropometric data of subjects. After doing the calculations, the values for the mass segment were 13.73 kg, 12:42 kg, and 10.26 kg. The equations for total mass of leg segments are as follows:

$$m_{\text{foot}} = 0.0083 \text{ } \text{m}_{\text{total}} + 254.5 (l_{\text{feet}} \text{ } \text{h}_{\text{malleolus}} \omega_{\text{malleolus}}) - 0.065$$
(1)

$$m_{Total} = (1) + (2) + (3)$$

## **II. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

#### Subject Selection

This analysis requires a total of three subjects who were selected from the amateur, university, and also professional football players. The subjects have been chosen among the defender, midfielder, and also the striker. First screening process was held to select a total of three subjects with right dominant leg and the rest with a left dominant leg. In this screening process, the subjects also underwent a screening test for injuries that were carried out according to the standard physiotherapy testing. Before doing the kicking, the subject had been prepared in advance and was told about the experiments and experimental risks. Written consent was obtained from them. A total of 16 markers were attached to each subject in certain parts of their bodies at the lower limb. Before carrying out experiments, subjects were also briefed about the experimental procedure, and they have been allowed to perform training exercises with the preliminaries kicking to familiarize themselves with the procedures and testing environment. Experiment was performed in the biomechanics laboratory of UNIMAP. This was because of the technical limitations and also the regulations which prohibiting us from making it outdoor (football field).

#### **Experimental Setup**

Experiment was performed in the biomechanics laboratory of UNIMAP. The equipments used were 5 units of highspeed video camera (*Oqus*) which have a frequency of 200Hz. System used in this study was the system of Qualysis Track Manager (version 2.0.331 Beta RT) which belongs to UNIMAP. This system was also equipped with a force plate that served as a detector of force during the experiments. Other equipment used was a computer table, 2 calibration bars, 16 reflective markers, an anthropometric ruler, mass scale, a piece of carpet, a pair of shoe, 2 balls in size according to the FIFA standards, a net, pressure meters, and also an air pumps. As a target, a net was dispersed at a bar at the top of the laboratory, which functioned to absorb the impact of experimental kicking. In addition, the net was also used to avoid any risk of damage to the equipments in the event of any errors during the experiment. Figure 1 show the experiment set up before running the experiment.

e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710| www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.423| A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

# || Volume 13, Issue 3, March 2024 ||

| DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1303068 |

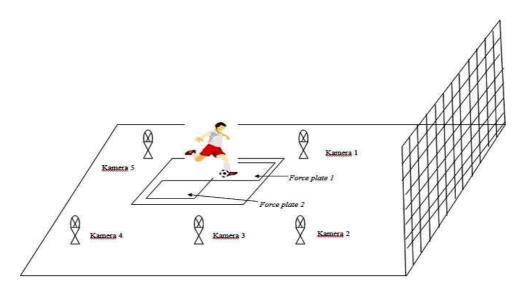


Figure 1: Experiment set up within the lab.

# Activity

Each subject was required to do 18 kicks overall. As being described by the objectives, experiments started with subjects were asked to perform the kicking by applying the 1 step running and the technique of instep kicking. Each type of arrangement in this experiment will be repeated 3 times to obtain average values. Experiments continued at which the subjects were required to perform the instep kicking as well as applying the 2 steps and 3 steps running. In this study, 16 markers were attached to each subject in certain parts of their bodies at the lower limb. The subjects perform light exercise or warming up to avoid from the occurrence of injury. Observation started when subject stopped kicking the ball where the posture of their leg from the waist down to their knee and then to ankle was observed.

## **III. RESULTS**

Table 1 present the results of all the Taguchi analysis which it display the optimized kicking forces required for the subjects with right dominant leg. This study found that the maximum optimized force undergone in three-step run as much as 1662

N. From this study also, it shows that the kicking forces increases with each additional running steps. The analysis shows that the controlled parameters do influence the factor of kicking force for every step of running and leg dominance.

Running Optimized parameters			Optimized	:	S/N ratio
steps	• • •	Contact time (ms)	Mass (kg)	k	icking force (N)
1 step	13.8	9.5	13.73	1177	61.41
2 steps	12.4	9.0	10.26	1544	63.77
3 steps	12.4	9.0	10.26	1662	64.41

Table 1: Results of the kicking forces for the right dominant leg subjects.

Table 2 shows the summary of results for the percentage of contribution of the control factors for the right dominant



e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710 www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.423 A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

# Volume 13, Issue 3, March 2024

# | DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1303068 |

leg. In addition, it is clear to say that the velocity factor of the ankle are the factors that most affect the competitive aspects of the kicking other than the contact time factor and the mass of the leg segments of the dominant leg. This can clearly be seen from the analysis of variance (ANOVA) where the percentage of contribution of the ankle velocity factor is dominant for each case of this experiment. This is in line with theory as stated by [61-73] which is to get the shots where the ball can be launched at the time, so the ankle velocity parameter should be maximized as well. Contact time factor and the mass of the foot segment were seen did not give any significant influence on the competitive aspects of the shots.

Table 2: Summary of results for the percentage of contribution of the control factors forthe right dominant leg.

Parameters		centage of contribution (%)		
1 step		2 steps	3 steps	
Ankle velocity	85	88	94	
Contact time	14	2	1	
Mass	1	10	5	

#### **IV. CONCLUSION**

As we have discussed in previous chapters, the objectives of this study were to investigate the aspects of kicking performance of Malaysian footballers. This had been realized by examining aspects of the resulting kicking forces, especially when the impact occurred at the time of contact between the ball and the leg. This study also puts a number of other factors as the objectives and analyzes the influence of these factors to the resulting kicking forces. Other factors are the type of running whether it was one step, two steps or three steps and the factors of the dominant leg of the soccer players. From the Taguchi analysis that was carried out, it was found that the optimized force for the subjects is 1177 N. The two steps and three steps were each given a value of 1544 N and 1662 N, respectively. For subjects with dominant right leg, kicking force increased significantly with each addition of step. In addition, it is clear to say that the velocity factor of the ankle is the factor that most affect the competitive aspects of the kicking other than the time factor and the mass of the contact segments dominant leg.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Asai, T., Carre, M., Akatsuka, T., & Haake, S. 2002. The curve kicks of a football I: Impact with the foot. Sports Engineering 5:182-192.
- 2. Barfield, W.R. 1995. Effects of selected kinematic and kinetic variables on instep kicking with dominant and nondominant limbs. Journal of Human Movement Studies 29: 251-272.
- 3. Barfield, W.R., Kirkendall, D.T., & Yu, B. 2002. Kinematic instep kicking differences between elite female and male soccer players. Journal of Sports Science and Medicine (1):72-79.
- 4. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Velmurugan, V. (2019). An experimental study on the efficacy of modifications in enhancing the performance of single basin double slope solar still. Desalination, 467, 12-28.
- 5. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Ramachandran, S., & Christopher, D. S. (2017). Enhancing the design to optimize the performance of double basin solar still. Desalination, 411, 112-123.
- Nirmala, A. R., Bhalaji, R. K. A., Kumar, S. B., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Study on the effect of COVID- 19 pandemic on the savings and investment pattern of the manufacturing sector. Materials Today: Proceedings, 68, 1319-1323.
- 7. Chithambara Thanu, M., Appadurai, M., Fantin Irudaya Raj, E., & Lurthu Pushparaj, T. (2023). Experimental analysis of localized hybridization by means of adding woven polyester strip. International Polymer Processing, 38(4), 505-517.
- Munaf, R. N. A., Karthikeyan, K., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Sivakumar, T. A., & Muthukumaran, N. (2022, April). An ML Approach for Household Power Consumption. In 2022 International Conference on Sustainable Computing and Data Communication Systems (ICSCDS) (pp. 784-791). IEEE.
- 9. Raj, E. F. I., Appadurai, M., Thiyaharajan, D., & Pushparaj, T. L. (2024). State-Of-The-Art Technologies for Crop Health Monitoring in the Modern Precision Agriculture. In Precision Agriculture for Sustainability (pp. 21-39). Apple Academic Press.
- 10. Sulaiman, S. S., Jancy, P. L., Muthiah, A., Janakiraman, V., & Gnanaraj, S. J. P. (2021). An evolutionary optimal green layout design for a production facility by simulated annealing algorithm. Materials Today: Proceedings, 47, 4423-4430.



e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710 www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.423 | A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

# Volume 13, Issue 3, March 2024

| DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1303068 |

- 11. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Ramachandran, S., & Christopher, D. S. (2018). Enhancing the productivity of double-slope singlebasin solar still with internal and external modifications. International Journal of Ambient Energy, 39(8), 777-782.
- 12. Appadurai, M., Fantin Irudaya Raj, E., & Chithambara Thanu, M. (2023). Application of Nanofluids in Heat Exchanger and its Computational Fluid Dynamics. Mathematics and Computer Science Volume 1, 505-524.
- Ravindran, P., Mohamed, M. J. S., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Effect of graphite addition on dry sliding wear behavior of Self-lubricating Al-SiC-Gr hybrid composites by PM process. Materials Today: Proceedings, 60, 783-787.
- 14. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Ramachandran, S., & Mageshwaran, G. (2016). Experimental analysis of single basin solar still with internal reflector and sensible heat storage medium. International Journal of ChemTech Research, 9(8), 328-337.
- Infantraj, A., Augustine, M., Raj, E. F. I., & Appadurai, M. (2023). Investigation of Various Laminating Materials for Interior Permanent Magnet Brushless DC Motor for Cooling Fan Application. CES Transactions on Electrical Machines and Systems, 7(4), 422-429.
- 16. Pushparaj, T. L., Raj, E. F. I., Rani, E. F. I., & Appadurai, M. (2023). Synthesis of biogenic cerium oxide-supported osmium oxide nanoalloy from Oldenlandia umbellata L. plant extract for pharmacological applications. Biomass Conversion and Biorefinery, 1-15.
- 17. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Balasubramanian, V., Munaf, A. A., Stalany, V. M., Chandrasekar, K., & Kumar, M. S. (2021). Investigation on drilling parameters of jute and cotton fiber strengthened epoxy composites. Materials Today: Proceedings, 45, 7107-7112.
- Balamurugan, A., Karthikeyan, K., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Muthukumaran, N. (2022, April). Stability Analysis of Voltage in IEEE 145 Bus System by CPF using Dragonfly Algorithm. In 2022 International Conference on Sustainable Computing and Data Communication Systems (ICSCDS) (pp. 778-783). IEEE.
- 19. Gnanaraj, S., Patrick, J., Ramachandran, S., & Logesh, K. (2016). A Review on Solar Water Distillation Using Thermal Energy Storage. RESEARCH JOURNAL OF PHARMACEUTICAL BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL SCIENCES, 7(6), 2471-2477.
- Prabhakar, M. M., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Allasi, H. L., Leno, I. J., Endro, S., & Kanna, S. R. (2021). Mechanical property analysis on bamboo-glass fiber reinforced montmorillonite nano composite. Materials Today: Proceedings, 45, 6936-6940.
- 21. Subharaj, C., Leno, I. J., Vivek, S., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Sustainable manufacturing system applying on eco-design products. Materials Today: Proceedings, 68, 1528-1535.
- 22. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Ramasamy, S., Karthick, M., Klington, A. G., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Enhancing the concentric tube properties by optimizing operational parameters. Materials Today: Proceedings, 49, 3726-3730.
- 23. Sivakumar, C. K., Robinson, Y., & Gnanaraj, S. J. P. (2023). Enhancing the productivity of v-type and roof type single basin solar still with internal modification-a Taguchi method, 20-35.
- 24. Ramaswamy, S., Shariff, Z. A., Munaf, A. A., Leno, I. J., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Jeshurun, S. B. (2022). Study on application of higher order lamination plate theory over various applications of natural fiber cross-ply composites. Materials Today: Proceedings, 60, 822-826.
- Samuel, J. J. J., Ramadoss, R., Gunasekaran, K. N., Logesh, K., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Munaf, A. A. (2021). Studies on mechanical properties and characterization of carbon fiber reinforced hybrid composite for aero space application. Materials Today: Proceedings, 47, 4438-4443.
- 26. Subharaj, C., Logesh, K., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Appadurai, M., & Vimalan, P. M. A. S. (2022). Design and development of Palmyra fruit pulp production equipment through sustainable approach. Materials Today: Proceedings, 68, 1762-1768.
- 27. Kumar, M. M., Rajesh, S., Appadurai, M., & Gnanaraj, S. J. P. (2022). Performance enhancement of solar distillation system with internal modification. Materials Today: Proceedings, 62, 5452-5455.
- 28. Raj, F. I., Appadurai, Pushparaj, L., & Thanu, C. (2023). Mechanical characterization of randomly oriented short Sansevieria Trifasciata natural fibre composites. International Polymer Processing, 38(5), 564-581.
- 29. Perumal, P., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Pandian, G. S., Livingston, T., & Muthukumaran, N. (2023, November). Revolutionizing E-Cycle Charging with a Novel Regenerative Battery System. In 2023 International Conference on Sustainable Communication Networks and Application (ICSCNA) (pp. 762-767). IEEE.
- Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Kavitha, R., & Kumar, M. K. (2023, November). IoT-Powered Flood Warning and Alert System: Innovations in Flood Detection and Notification. In 2023 International Conference on Sustainable Communication Networks and Application (ICSCNA) (pp. 487-490). IEEE.
- Thangam, C., Ramaswamy, S., Karthikeyan, C., & Muthukumaran, N. (2022, April). Implementation of Barrel Shifter in Vedic Multiplier. In 2022 International Conference on Sustainable Computing and Data Communication Systems (ICSCDS) (pp. 774-777). IEEE.
- Raja, M. A., Manikandan, V., Kumar, S. S., Amuthakkannan, P., Balasubramanian, I., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Jeshurun, S. B. (2022). Parametric investigation and optimization of AWJM process on stir cast al7075/basalt composite materials using Taguchi based grey relational analysis. Materials Today: Proceedings, 60, 815-821.
- 33. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Ramachandran, S. (2017). Optimization on performance of single-slope solar still linked solar pond via Taguchi method. Desalination and Water Treatment, 80, 27-40.



e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710 www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.423 | A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

## Volume 13, Issue 3, March 2024

DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1303068

- 34. Kumar, J. R., Mayandi, K., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Chandrasekar, K., & Ramalingam, P. S. (2022). A critical review of an additive manufacturing role in Covid-19 epidemic. Materials Today: Proceedings, 68, 1521-1527.
- 35. Mangalraj, A. (2023). Smart Water Management System Powered by the Internet of Things (IoT) for Real-World Applications. In Internet of Things (pp. 129-142). Chapman and Hall/CRC.
- Fantin Irudaya Raj, E., Appadurai, M., Chithamabara Thanu, M., & Francy Irudaya Rani, E. (2023). IoT-Based Smart Parking System for Indian Smart Cities. Machine Intelligence, Big Data Analytics, and IoT in Image Processing: Practical Applications, 369-398.
- 37. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Ramachandran, S. (2016). Design and Fabrication of Modified Single Slope Solar Still with Solar Pond. Int. J. Chem. Sci, 14, 615-624.
- 38. Raj, E. F. I., Appadurai, M., Ram, V., Gnaniah, A. M., & Salkuti, S. R. (2023). Natural-Fibre-Reinforced Composite-Based Micro-Size Wind Turbines: Numerical Analysis and Feasibility Study. Journal of Composites Science, 7(5), 197.
- 39. Karthick, M., Kumar, S. R., Athiappan, K., & Gnanaraj, S. (2022, April). Thermal analysis of counter flow concentric tube heat exchanger using Runge-Kutta method. In AIP Conference Proceedings (Vol. 2405, No. 1). AIP Publishing.
- 40. Thanu, C., Raj, F. I., Appadurai, & Pushparaj, L. (2023). Mechanical strength enhancement of natural fibre composites via localized hybridization with stitch reinforcement. International Polymer Processing, 38(5), 539-550.
- 41. Swikker, K., Sankaramoorthy, T., Girisha, L., Gopinath, P., Suresh, P., & Gnanaraj, S. (2022, April). Experimental investigation on the properties of glass fiber-reinforced polymer composites containing graphene. In AIP Conference Proceedings (Vol. 2405, No. 1). AIP Publishing.
- 42. Joe Patrick Gnanaraj, S., & Ramachandran, S. (2022). Identification of operational parameter levels that optimize the production in solar stills with plain, corrugated, and compartmental basin. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 29(5), 7096-7116.
- 43. Augustine, M., Raj, E. F. I., Appadurai, M., & Balaji, M. (2023). Impact of silicon steel laminating materials in modified segmented rotor switched reluctance motor: electromagnetic and vibrational analysis. Journal of Vibration Engineering & Technologies, 1-16.
- Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Velmurugan, V. (2020). An experimental investigation to optimize the production of single and stepped basin solar stills-a Taguchi approach. Energy Sources, Part A: Recovery, Utilization, and Environmental Effects, 1-24.
- 45. Darwin, S., Raj, E. F. I., Appadurai, M., & Thanu, M. C. (2023). A Detailed Study on Single Electron Transistors in Nano Device Technologies. In Energy Systems Design for Low-Power Computing (pp. 67-99). IGI Global.
- 46. Gnanaraj, S., Patrick, J., Ramachandran, S., & Logesh, K. (2017). A Review of Various Techniques used for the Improvement of Solar Still. RESEARCH JOURNAL OF PHARMACEUTICAL BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL SCIENCES, 8(3), 1971-1979.
- 47. Karthick, M., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Appadurai, M., & Jeshurun, S. B. (2022). Productivity enhancement of a single slope solar still with energy storage medium. Materials Today: Proceedings, 60, 889-893.
- 48. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Ramachandran, S., & Anbazhagan, R. (2017). Performance of double slope solar still with external modifications. Desalination and water treatment, 67, 16-27.
- 49. Gnanaraj, S., Patrick, J., & Annaamalai, M. G. L. (2022). Enhancing solar still productivity by optimizing operational parameters. DESALINATION AND WATER. TREATMENT, 254, 1-14.
- 50. Gani, Z. F. A., Mohamed, J. S., Gnanaraj, J. P. S., Muthusaravanan, N., & Ariyanayagam, K. (2022). Experimental study on the stability and flame characteristics of LPG flames in O2/N2 and O2/CO2 environment. Materials Today: Proceedings, 49, 2019-2024.
- Devi, R. C., Girimurugan, R., Nanthakumar, S., Rajasekaran, P., Ahammad, S. H., & Gnanaraj, S. J. P. (2022). Experimental study of mechanical properties of Sisal/banana fiber hybrid sandwich composite. Materials Today: Proceedings, 68, 1793-1799.
- 52. Hansen, R. S., Mary, M. B. Q., Subramanian, S. S., Raj, J. A., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Utilization of PCM in inclined and single basin solar stills to improve the daily productivity. Materials Today: Proceedings, 62, 967-972.
- 53. Kolappan, S., Manickam, I. N., Swikker, K. R. J., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Performance analysis of aircraft composite winglet. Materials Today: Proceedings, 62, 889-895.
- 54. Maheswari, K. S., Mayandi, K., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Effect of transparent glass cover material on double slope solar still productivity. Materials Today: Proceedings, 62, 5415-5419.
- 55. Appadurai, M., Fantin Irudaya Raj, E., Darwin, S., & Jenish, I. (2020, December). Finite Element Analysis of Silicon Heat Sink with CNT Nanofluids for Microelectronics Applications. In International Conference on Future technologies in Manufacturing, Automation, Design and Energy (pp. 489-497). Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore.
- Kumara, M. M., Rajesha, S., & Gnanarajb, S. J. P. (2023). Experimental investigation of double basin solar still integrated with solar flat plate collector and solar pond with modified design. Desalination and water treatment, 290, 26-35.
- 57. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Ramachandran, S., & Logesh, K. (2017). Enhancing the performance of solar still with solar pond. Journal of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Science, 10(1), 267-269.



e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710 www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.423 | A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

# Volume 13, Issue 3, March 2024

DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1303068

- 58. Subharaj, C., Logesh, M., Munaf, A. A., Srinivas, J., & Gnanaraj, S. J. P. (2022). Sustainable approach on cement mortar incorporating silica fume, LLDPE and sisal fiber. Materials Today: Proceedings, 68, 1342-1348.
- 59. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Ramachandran, S., & Logesh, K. (2021). Optimization of production in single basin solar still using Taguchi method-Experimental and theoretical approach. Materials Today: Proceedings, 47, 4468-4474.
- 60. Nirmala, D. A. R., Kannan, V., Thanalakshmi, M., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Inventory management and control system using ABC and VED analysis. Materials Today: Proceedings, 60, 922-925.
- 61. Thangam, J. A., Jeshurun, S. B., Thangapoo, A., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Industrial hazards and safety measures–An empirical study. Materials Today: Proceedings, 60, 834-838.
- 62. Manickam, I. N., Logesh, K., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Effect of compression on coir industry waste material. Materials Today: Proceedings, 62, 710-713.
- 63. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Arulraj, I., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Computational analysis of fine droplet in swirl injector for desalination. Materials Today: Proceedings, 62, 703-709.
- 64. Sivakumar, C. K., Robinson, Y., Prema, P., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). Mechanical characteristics of aluminium alloy joints produced by friction stir welding. Materials Today: Proceedings, 62, 5620-5624.
- 65. Raj, E. F. I., Manimala, K., & Appadurai, M. (2023). Differential Protection Scheme along with Backup Blockchain System. In Smart and Power Grid Systems–Design Challenges and Paradigms (pp. 135-156). River Publishers.
- Appadurai, M., Irudaya Raj, E. F., Thanu, M. C., & Pushparaj, T. L. (2023). Finite element analysis and computational fluid dynamic study of hybrid composite-based offshore wind turbines. Materialwissenschaft und Werkstofftechnik, 54(11), 1362-1377.
- 67. Jeshurun, S. B., Thangam, J. A., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Klington, A. G. (2022). An empirical study on career gratification among college bibliognosts. Materials Today: Proceedings, 60, 806-810.
- 68. Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Velmurugan, V. (2022). Experimental investigation on the performance of modified single basin double slope solar stills. International Journal of Ambient Energy, 43(1), 206-215.
- 69. Logesh, K., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Jeshurun, S. B., & Klington, G. (2022). Experimental analysis of solar still with thermal storage medium. Materials Today: Proceedings, 60, 791-794.
- Paulsyah, D. E., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Myrtle, R. S., Grace, C. J. C., & Samuel, J. J. J. (2023, November). Green Methods of Larvae Control in Aquatic Environments: Using Solar Energy to Agitate Water. In 2023 International Conference on Sustainable Communication Networks and Application (ICSCNA) (pp. 799-804). IEEE.
- Nirmala, D. A. R., Ramaswamy, S., Logesh, K., & Gnanaraj, S. J. P. (2022). Empirical study on risk mitigation for dairy supply chain management of Aavin Co-operative Milk Producers' Union Ltd. Materials Today: Proceedings, 49, 3657-3660.
- Selvan, S. T., Mohandass, M., Ramalingam, P. S., Mayandi, K., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., & Appadurai, M. (2022). An exclusive hand protection device made of fused deposition modelling process using poly (lactic acid) polymer. Materials Today: Proceedings, 68, 1381-1386.
- Ramaswamy, S., Gnanaraj, S. J. P., Sekar, K. C., & Muthukumaran, N. (2023, November). Analysis of Distribution Line in Link with Substation using GSM Technology. In 2023 International Conference on Sustainable Communication Networks and Application (ICSCNA) (pp. 526-528). IEEE.









# INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY





www.ijirset.com