

e-ISSN: 2319-8753 | p-ISSN: 2347-6710

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International Journal of Innovative Research in SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY

Volume 13, Issue 5, May 2024

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD SERIAL NUMBER INDIA

Impact Factor: 8.423

9940 572 462

6381 907 438

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|e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710| www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.423| A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Refereed Journal |

|| Volume 13, Issue 5, May 2024 ||

| DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2024.1305407 |

Li-Fi Highway Navigation System

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ABSTRACT: Li-Fi technology for navigation is an emerging concept that utilizes light waves for indoor positioning. It works by using light signals emitted from LED bulbs to transmit data, enabling accurate and secure navigation within indoor spaces. Li-Fi navigation systems have the capability to offer faster and more reliable positioning compared as to traditional GPS or Wi Fi based solutions. This technology could be beneficial in various uses, example: indoor navigation in airports, hospitals, or shopping malls However, it is now in the initial stages of development, and further research and implementation are needed to fully realize its potential. Localization and navigation system are practically viable and can easily be used but are not frequently used in real time. The Various technologies like RFID, ZigBee has been recommended but they all possess serious drawbacks and hence are not practically used. In this project, Navigation & information system that is easy to execute and use has been proposed, because it uses visible light communication (VLC). In addition to the basic navigation capabilities, the proposed project also aims to provide the user certain information on the nearby points-of-interest (POI) and accessibility issues such as stairs, drain, etc. The light or data is used as an output result of transmission of LED lights.

KEYWORDS: Light Fidelity, Wireless Fidelity, Micro Controller Unit, Optical Wireless Communication, Radio Frequency, Analog Digital Converter, Integrated Circuit, Low Battery Indication, Direct current, Printed Circuit Board(PCB), Light Emitting Diode(LED).

I. INTRODUCTION

Li-Fi, a term introduced by Professor Harald Haas, utilizes visible light or infrared and near-ultraviolet light for highspeed, two-way wireless communication, similar to Wi-Fi. Seen as a subset of optical wireless communication (OWC), Li-Fi can function alongside radio frequency (RF) communication technologies like cellular networks or Wi-Fi. It can also potentially replace them for data broadcasting applications. Unlike RF, Li-Fi leverages the vast capacity of the light spectrum, offering a potential solution to bandwidth limitations in traditional wireless technologies. Standardization efforts driven by industry are crucial for the development of a complete Li-Fi solution. Furthermore, Li-Fi presents itself as a potentially greener, healthier, and more cost-effective alternative to Wi-Fi.

So, Li-Fi which stands for Light Fidelity, is this awesome wireless technology that uses light waves to transmit data. It's like Wi-Fi, but as an alternative of using radio signal, it uses light signal for communication. Now, the Li-Fi highway navigation system takes advantage of this Li-Fi technology to make our highway journeys even better. It uses Li-Fi to transfer information like real-time traffic updates, road conditions, and other important data to drivers while they're on the road. With this technique, vehicles can be in touch with each other and with the roadside infrastructure, which means better coordination and smoother traffic flow. It can also give drivers the latest information about accidents, construction zones, and alternative routes, so they can make well informed decisions and have a safer and more efficient driving experience.

It's a super cool development in transportation technology, and it has the capability to really improve our highway navigation. In today's digital age, where connectivity and data communication play crucial roles in shaping the way we live and work, innovative technologies continue to redefine the borderline of what is possible. As our society has becomes increasingly associated, the demand for efficient and reliable communication has never been higher. In the realm of modern transportation and communication systems, the need for efficient and reliable navigation has become paramount. Traditional navigation systems, primarily reliant on Global Positioning System (GPS) technology, have played a pivotal role in guiding us from point A to point B. However, this system is not without their limitations, traditional GPS-based navigation systems have limitations, especially in developed areas with tall buildings or tunnels

International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology (IJIRSET)



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where GPS signals can be unreliable particularly in environments where GPS signals may be obstructed or unavailable. Traditional wireless communication methods, such as Wi-Fi and cellular networks, have undoubtedly revolutionized the way we access information and interact with the digital realm. However, these techniques have their limitations, especially in environments where large volumes of data should be transmitted swiftly and securely.

II. RELATED WORK

In the modern era, traditional GPS-based navigation systems face limitations in providing real-time and accurate navigation solutions, especially in areas with poor GPS signal reception. Additionally, the growing demand for high-speed internet connectivity on highways has guided to the need for innovative and efficient data transmission methods. This groundbreaking technology is known for its high-speed data transmission, low latency, and security benefits. When applied to highway navigation, Li-Fi can provide real-time location and information services, even in GPS-challenging environments such as tunnels, urban canyons, and densely forested regions. In the context of modern transportation systems, where real-time navigation and communication are essential for ensuring safety and efficiency, the integration of Li-Fi technology holds immense promise. Highways, serving as lifelines of transportation networks, require brilliant navigation systems that will provide accurate, real-time information to drivers.

Li-Fi Highway Navigation System addresses these challenges by utilizing visible light communication to transmit navigation data between vehicles and infrastructure. Our project concentrates on the development & implementation of a state-of-the-art Li- Fi Highway Navigation System. By leveraging Li-Fi technology, our system enables seamless and high-speed data transmission between vehicles and roadside infrastructure, ensuring accurate and up-to-date navigation information for drivers.

This innovational approach not only enhances the ability of highway navigation but also contributes to the overall safety of transportation systems. The "Li-Fi-based Highway Navigation System" seeks to leverage the advantages of Li-Fi technology to create a robust and dependable navigation system for highways. This report explores the potential applications, benefits, challenges, and implementation strategies for such a system. It delves into the principles of Li-Fi technology, its alikeness with existing infrastructure, and the integration of Li-Fi with traditional GPS systems to offer seamless navigation in diverse scenarios. As we journey through this report, we will uncover the underlying mechanisms of Li-Fi technology, analyse the key factors driving its adoption, and discuss the implications for enhanced highway navigation. By harnessing the power of visible light for navigation, the Li-Fi-based Navigation System has the potential to redefine the way we navigate on highways, improving safety, accuracy, and user experience. Through this project, we aim to show revolutionizing smart transportation son potential of Li-Fi technology is in the way for a future where reliable, highspeed communication is the norm on highways and beyond.

III. METHODOLOGY

This Li-Fi highway navigation system relies on a transmitter and receiver for data exchange. The transmitter, housed in a smart pole, utilizes a high-brightness LED, a crystal oscillator for consistent clock pulses, and a voltage regulator for stable power. Data is encoded as binary (on = 1, off = 0) through rapid LED flickering invisible to the human eye. The project proposes replacing a single LED with an array of micro-LEDs. These miniature LEDs offer significantly faster switching speeds, potentially enabling thousands of independent data channels. This translates to high-bandwidth (around 10 Mbps) transmission to multiple vehicles simultaneously. Li-Fi presents a solution to crowded radio frequencies and provides a promising avenue for high-speed navigation data delivery to drivers.

One key advantage of micro-LEDs lies in their ability to be switched on and off much faster than traditional LEDs. This rapid switching translates to a wider bandwidth, allowing for more data to be transmitted within a shorter timeframe. By utilizing an array of these micro-LEDs, the system can potentially create thousands of independent communication channels. Imagine a highway with multiple lanes – each lane could represent a dedicated data channel, enabling simultaneous data transmission to a large number of vehicles without any interference. This significantly increases the system's capacity compared to a single LED setup.

The receiver in each vehicle, equipped with a photodetector, would capture these encoded light signals and convert them back into electrical signals. This information can then be displayed on an LCD screen within the vehicle, providing real-time navigation assistance to the driver. Overall, this Li-Fi based approach offers a promising solution for highway navigation, leveraging the high data transmission speeds and potential for increased capacity through micro-LED technology. International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology (IJIRSET)

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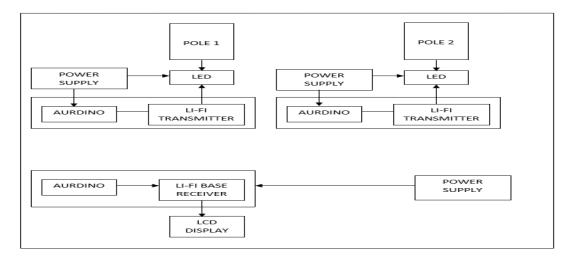
|| Volume 13, Issue 5, May 2024 ||

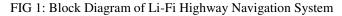
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LI-FI navigation system utilizes visible light communication (VLC) technology for navigation purposes.

- Vehicle Equipped with Li-Fi Receiver.
- LED Lights as Data Transmitters.
- Data Encoding and Modulation.
- Li-Fi Transceivers in Vehicles.
- Data Processing and Navigation.
- Vehicle-to-Vehicle Communication.





IV. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

A Li-Fi highway navigation system project holds a lot of guarantee for the future of transportation, offering a range of potential benefits over traditional GPS-based systems. Some of the expected results are: We are using Arduino for controlling all the elements in this system, and then upload a appropriate program to AT mega. We use light energy as a source, the transmitter is fixed at the light lamp and the received at car panel the required information at transmitting street light, when the light is focused into the receiving part of the car, current location of the car will be displayed on the screen, from the above picture the received message. If we need location then we updated it with some required information. It gives the Enhanced Navigation Accuracy and Reliability and Line-of-sight communication: Unlike GPS, which is unreliable in tunnels, under bridges, or in dense urban areas, Li-Fi uses light waves for data transmission, providing a direct line-of-sight connection that is not susceptible to interference. This can lead to improved navigation accuracy, especially in challenging environments. Real-time traffic updates: Li-Fi systems can transmit real-time traffic information directly to vehicles, allowing drivers to receive immediate updates on congestion, accidents, and road closures. This can help to optimize traffic flow and reduce travel times.

In this project we received the following results on the three poles used by us.

POLES	POSITION
1	Village Kharini
2	Himachal Pradesh
3	Distt Solan

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FIG 2: Location of the pole 1



FIG 3: Location of the pole 2



FIG 4: Location of the pole 3

V. CONCLUSION

The navigation use of Li-Fi has been effectively described in this study. Li-Fi is rapidly gaining traction since it is faster, more secure, and has a higher capacity than Wi-Fi. Information is transferred and received in the form of light energy, which is used for highway navigation. The concept of transmitting data using visible light allows light to modulate at a fast pace, allowing it to be picked up by receivers equipped with light sensors at speeds of hundreds of gigabytes per second, allowing the light to communicate data. The use of Li-Fi has the potential to completely replace radio-based wireless technologies. This method could be immensely useful in traffic management and, as a result, in the creation of a smart city.

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INTERNATIONAL Standard Serial Number India







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